

December 21, 2016

Mr. Brian Hocutt Cooperative Energy P.O. Box 15849 Hattiesburg, MS 39402

Re: CCR Units Unstable Areas Certification

R.D. Morrow, Sr. Generating Station Purvis, Lamar County, Mississippi

Dear Mr. Hocutt:

Cooperative Energy (formerly South Mississippi Electric Power Association) retained Environmental Management Services, Inc. (EMS) to evaluate Cooperative Energy's compliance with the Federal Coal Combustion Residuals Rule (CCR Rule) requirements in accordance with 40 CFR 257.64 which states:

(a) An existing or new CCR landfill, existing or new CCR surface impoundment, or any lateral expansion of a CCR unit must not be located in an unstable area unless the owner or operator demonstrates by the dates specified in paragraph (d) of this section that recognized and generally accepted good engineering practices have been incorporated into the design of the CCR unit to ensure that the integrity of the structural components of the CCR unit will not be disrupted. The owner or operator must consider all of the following factors, at a minimum, when determining whether an area is unstable: (1) Onsite or local soil conditions that may result in significant differential settling; (2) On-site or local geologic or geomorphologic features; and (3) On-site or local human-made features or events (both surface and subsurface).

Cooperative Energy has two existing CCR surface impoundments including: 1) the Emergency Scrubber Surge Pond, and 2) the Scrubber Supply Pond. Cooperative Energy has an existing CCR landfill, but does not have a "new CCR landfill", nor does it currently have a lateral expansion of any CCR unit. Therefore, at this time, Cooperative Energy has two existing CCR surface impoundments and an existing CCR landfill that are subject to 40 CFR 257.64.

# 257.63 Unstable Areas

Unstable area means a location that is susceptible to natural or human-induced events or forces capable of impairing the integrity of some or all of the structural components responsible for preventing releases from a CCR unit. Natural unstable areas include those that have poor soils for foundations, areas susceptible to mass movements, and karst terrains.

EMS has assessed each of the CCR units to determine whether the areas are unstable using the following criteria:

# 1. Landfill

(1) On-site or local soil conditions that may result in significant differential settling.

During the design and permitting of the landfill, EMS drilled soil borings and performed geotechnical tests on soil samples and CCR samples to assess the stability of the landfill, its subsoils, and any associated features. The results of these analyses indicate that the soil conditions are stable and should not cause excessive differential settling to the extent that the stability of the landfill or associated features will be compromised.

(2) On-site or local geologic or geomorphologic features.

An EMS Mississippi registered professional geologist has inspected the site, reviewed geological reports, reviewed boring logs, and reviewed topographic maps to evaluate local and geologic and geomorphic features that could cause the CCR unit to be unstable. No features were found that would cause the CCR unit to be unstable when operated as designed. The site is not located in a karst area.

(3) On-site or local human-made features or events (both surface and subsurface).

EMS reviewed the anthropogenic features and activities associated with the CCR unit with respect to cut and fill, drawdown of groundwater, and historic fills. No anthropogenic features were found that would adversely affect the stability of the CCR landfill when operated as designed.

# 2. CCR Impoundments

(1) On-site or local soil conditions that may result in significant differential settling.

EMS has drilled soil borings and collected soil samples around the CCR impoundments. EMS subsequently reviewed the soil conditions encountered in the boring logs and determined that soil conditions are stable and should not cause excessive differential settling to the extent that the stability of the CCR impoundments or associated features will be compromised.

(2) On-site or local geologic or geomorphologic features.

An EMS Mississippi registered professional geologist has inspected the site, reviewed geological reports, reviewed boring logs, and reviewed topographic maps to evaluate local and geologic and geomorphic features that could cause the CCR units to be unstable. No features were found that would cause the CCR unit to be unstable. The site is not located in a karst area.

(3) On-site or local human-made features or events (both surface and subsurface).

EMS reviewed the anthropogenic features and activities associated with the CCR unit with respect to cut and fill, drawdown of groundwater, and historic fills. No anthropogenic features were found that would adversely affect the stability of the CCR landfill.

# **Conclusions**

Based upon the unstable areas criteria specified in 40 CFR Part 257.63(b), and specific data from investigations of the areas of the CCR units (see attachments), we conclude that the CCR landfill and the CCR impoundments are not located in unstable areas.

# **Engineer's Certification**

I hereby certify, as a Professional Engineer in the State of Mississippi, that the information in this document was assembled under my direct personal charge and that this determination was conducted in accordance with and meets the requirements of 40 CFR Part 257.63(a).

Christopher Taylor Johnson, P.E.

Mississippi Professional Engineer No. 15761

Date: 12/21/2011

# Geologist's Certification

I have reviewed the portions of this report having to do with geology in sufficient depth to accept full responsibility for those contents.

Kenneth D. Ruckstuhl, RPG

MS Professional Geologist No. 0090

Kennth D. Runbols

Attachments: Slope Stability Calculations (from Landfill Permit Application)

Waste Ash Characterization (from Landfill Permit Application)

File: Unstable Areas



ATTACHMENT C

**Slope Stability Calculations** 

# E<u>NVI</u>RONMENTA MANAGEMENT SERVICES, INC.

Calculations For:	SMEPA Landfill	Made By:	KL	Date:	1/23/03	Sheet No.:	1 of	23
Subject:	Slope Stability	Checked By:		Date:	Transit Street Annaber (1995) and the Children of Children of Green (1995) and the Children of Childre	Job No.: SM	EPA	

# Objective:

Determine a factor of safety for the slope stability on the final cover of the landfill at 4H:1V slopes.

- (a) Circular arc (similar to bearing capacity)
- (b) Block failure at the clay liner/HDPE interface

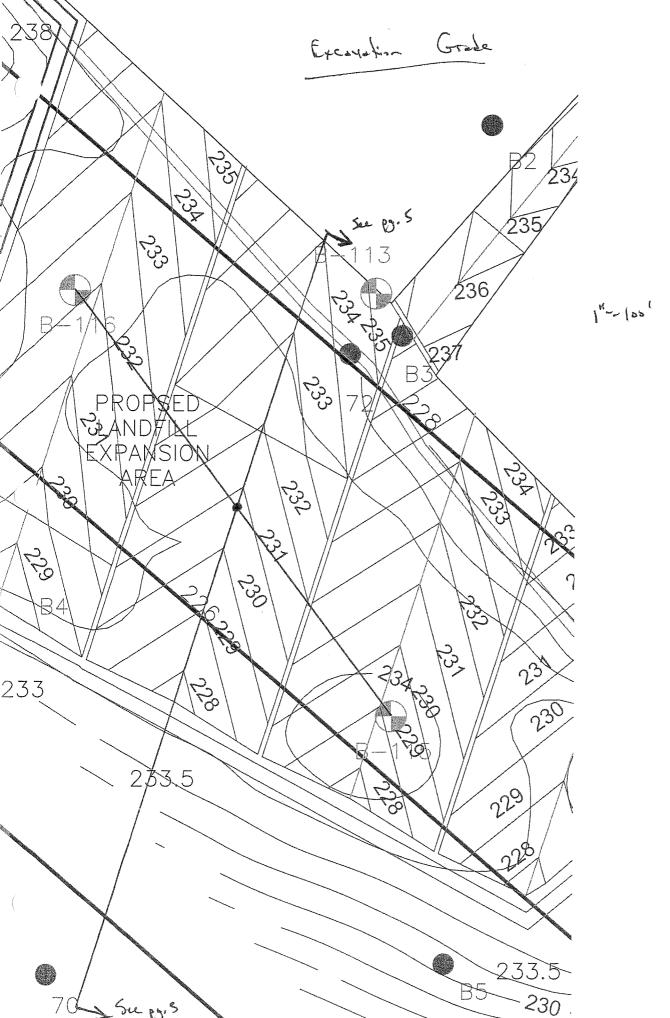
Methodology: Take a section from a depth of 5 feet and floor slope of one percent, and determine the strength and density properties from all borings. A factor of safety ~ 1.5 will control stack height

- Assumptions: (1) Excavation will be at 3H:1V.
  - (2) Section of the area to be taken from is shown on page 2.
  - (3) Levee will be made to Elev. 233.5' at 4H:1V with a width of 15'. Soil properties of levee are the same as the near surface clays.
    - (4) Final slopes will be made at 4H:1V to 100' above the levee and 10% above the 4H:1V slopes.
    - (5) Ignore the cover soils and liners and assume the whole area is waste (conservative).
    - (6) The base liner will be:

Material	$\gamma_{\rm t}$ (pcf)	c (psf)	φ (deg)
2' LCS (Sand)	120	0	32
*HDPE/GCL	100	85	12
^GCL/Natural Soil	100	500	17

- \* for the interface developed from published research (U. of Texas)
- ^ for the interface developed from published research (Geosyntec)
  - (7) Waste Properties  $\gamma_i$  = 100 pcf,  $\phi$  = 30°. (See Appendix A)
  - (8) Pages 3 and 4 show densities and soil strengths of the natural soils.
  - (9) Stratum III sand has an average blow count of 26, give  $\gamma = 115$  pcf &  $\phi = 34^{\circ}$ .
  - (10) The following table presents the properties and materials of the layers.
  - (11) Page 5 shows the 2-D profile of the analyzed section.

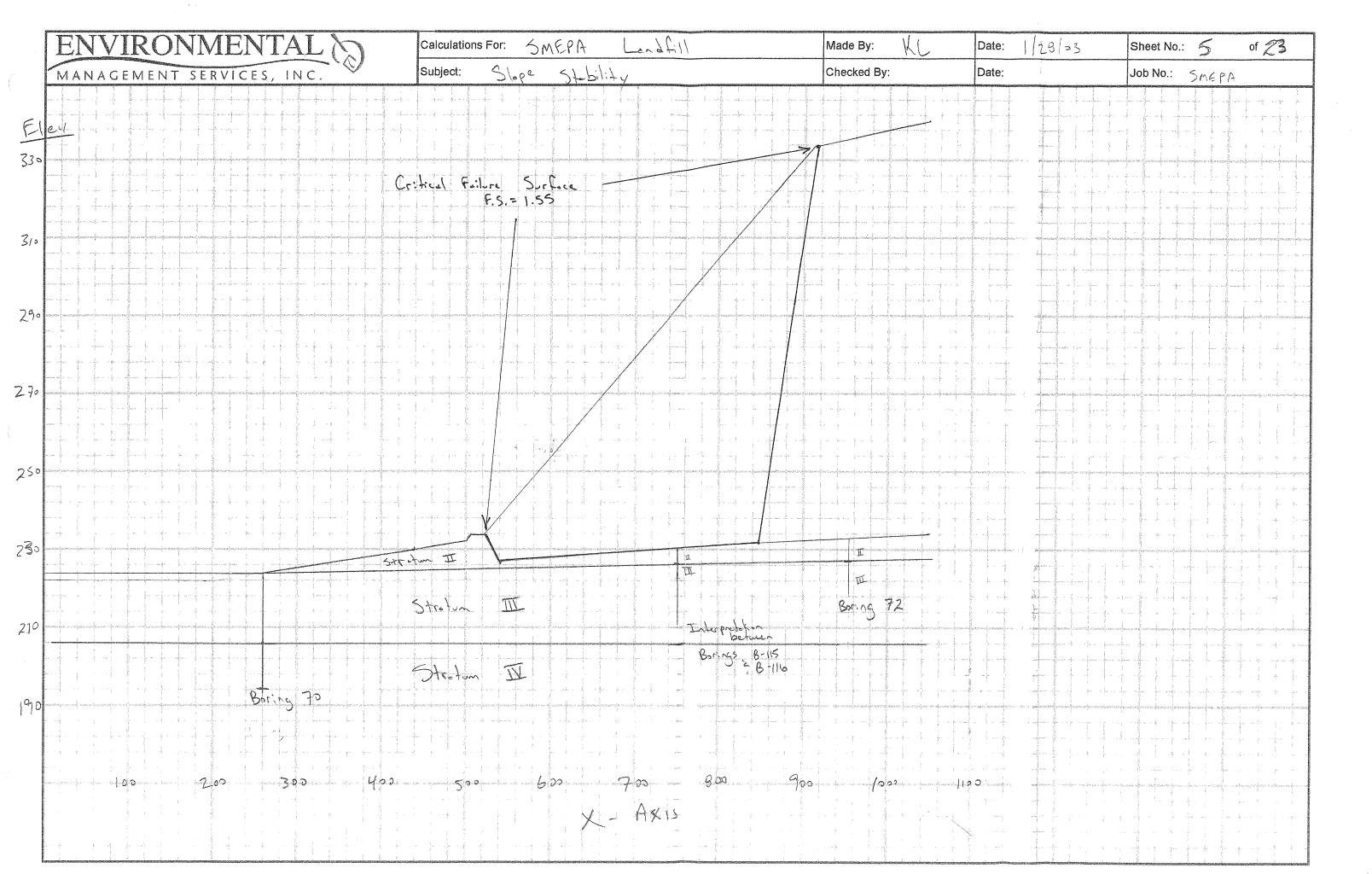
ì.	.ayer	$\gamma_t$ (pcf)	c (psf)	φ (deg)	Description	
010000000	1	100	0	30	Waste	_
	2	130	2,000	0	Stratum II Clay and Levee	_
	3	115	0	34	Stratum III Sands	_
	4	130	1,600	0	Stratum IV Clays	_
	5	120	0	32	Leachate Collection Sand (LCS)	_
	6	100	85	12	HDPE/GCL Interface	_
	7	100	500	17	GCL/Natural Soil Interface	





# TABLE 3 STATISTICAL SOIL STRATA RESULTS SMEPA

Stratum No.			111	IV				
Otratam No.	Silty Sand/Silt	Silty/Sandy Clay	Silty Sand/Sand	Clay/Silty Clay				
Moisture Content (%)								
Number of Tests	2	15	13	22				
Average	14.1	18.6	17.4	23.2				
Maximum	18.1	25.4	22.5	29.2				
Minimum	10.0	13.6	13.6	18.0				
Standard Deviation	5.7	3.0	3.1	3.5				
Liquid Limit								
Number of Tests	1	14	0	13				
Average	23	32	n/a	53				
Maximum	23	45	n/a	74				
Minimum	23	21	n/a	27				
Standard Deviation	n/a	7.1	n/a	13.5				
Plastic Limit	Aggin	*** We Alade Sand Control of Cont						
Number of Tests	1	14	0	13				
Average	16	16	n/a	20				
Maximum	16	21	n/a	25				
Minimum	16	13	n/a	15				
Standard Deviation	n/a	2.5	n/a	3.1				
Plasticity Index			the other standard in the control of					
Number of Tests	1	14	0	13				
Average	7	16	n/a	33				
Maximum	7	27	n/a	49				
Minimum	7	7	n/a	10				
Standard Deviation	n/a	5.9	n/a	11.1				
Wet Density (pcf)								
Number of Tests	0	5	0	7				
Average	n/a	(131.4)	) n/a	(128.6)				
Maximum	n/a	137.5	n/a	138.5				
Minimum	n/a	129.2	n/a	123.1				
Standard Deviation	n/a	3.5	n/a	5.2				
Dry Density (pcf)		Н- day-red- что и по	ом в менен в применен в менен	тично постанования постанования на при на при в постанова на при на п На при на применения на при				
Number of Tests	0	5	0	7				
Average	n/a	110.6	n/a	105.3				
Maximum	n/a	119.1	n/a	115.4				
Minimum	n/a	107.9	n/a	97.4				
Standard Deviation	n/a	4.8	n/a	6.6				
Shear Strength (ksf	)		ere de la composition de la compositio					
Number of Tests	0	5	-0	5				
Average	n/a	(2.01)	) n/a	(1.63)				
Maximum	n/a	2.79	n/a	3.52				
Minimum	n/a	1.34	n/a	0.64				
Standard Deviation	n/a	0.63	n/a	1.22				





# TABLE 3 STATISTICAL SOIL STRATA RESULTS SMEPA

Stratum No.	l		Para di Para d	IV	
Otratum NO.	Silty Sand/Silt	Silty/Sandy Clay	Silty Sand/Sand	Clay/Silty Clay	
Percent Sand (%)		and the second s	And the second s		
Number of Tests	1	5	13	3	
Average	62.8	28.3	81.9	22.1	
Maximum	62.8	53.3	99.8	48.7	
Minimum	62.8	5.5	66.3	5.9	
Standard Deviation	n/a	17.6	10.4	23.2	
SPT (blows per foot)					
Number of Tests	4	11	14	4	
Average	10	20	(26)	) 17	
Maximum	18	34	50	30	
Minimum	4	6	4	9	
Std. Deviation	6.0	11.0	13.9	9.7	
Permeability, (cm/s)					
Number of Tests	2	5	1	1	
Average	2.2E-06	1.2E-06	2.0E-04	2.9E-08	
Lognormal Average	2.0E-06	4.5E-07	2.0E-04	2.9E-08	
Maximum	3.2E-06	3.4E-06	2.0E-04	2.9E-08	
Minimum	1.2E-06	2.4E-08	2.0E-04	2.9E-08	
Standard Deviation	1.4E-06	1.4E-06	n/a	n/a	

# Notes:

n/a - not applicable

Permeability results are a combination of laboratory and field permeability testing.

The information provided on this table is general and specific conditions can be found on the soil boring logs in Appendix D and the Geotechnical Laboratory Results in Appendix E.

# ENVIRONMENTAL

MANAGEMENT SERVICES, INC.

Calculations For:	SMEPA Landfill	Made By:	KL	Date:	1/28/03	Sheet No.:	6 of	23
Subject:	Slope Stability	Checked By:	All the EAST Point minimizer of the transparency	Date:	t i Presidente de la companya de la	Job No.: S	MEPA	

# Analysis:

# **CIRCULAR ARC ANALYSES**

Circular arc will bottom out at the top of the Stratum III sand

Ins	out	Ou	tput		Output
X <sub>inItiation</sub>	X <sub>termination</sub>	X <sub>initiation</sub>	X <sub>termination</sub>	FS	Pages
500 - 550	850 - 900	538.39	895.45	2.23	
550 - 600	850 - 900	577.78	876.94	2.23	7 - 15
550 - 600	900 - 950	600	911.11	2.24	**************************************

# Analysis:

# **BLOCK ANALYSES**

Block Failure will be analyzed along the HDPE/clay liner interface - the weakest block plane Typically Blocks 1, 2 and 3 are fixed and block 4 is varied until a minimum FS is reached

	l	nput	Ou	tput		Output
Block	X	Υ	X	Y	FS	Pages
1	521.7	233.5	521.7	233.5		And the contract of the contra
2	239.7	227.7	539.7	227.7		
3	833.5	232.1	833.5	232.1		
4	900 - 930	232.765 - 233.065	904.68	232.8	1.70	
4	840 - 870	232.265 - 232.765	846.36	232.2	1.56	16 - 23
3	800 - 833.5	231.59 - 232.1	832.38	232.05	1.56	

# Recommendations:

The failure along the HDPE/GCL is the most critical failure surface (Block analysis). This analyses shows that a factor of safety greater then 1.5 will be achieved; therefore, a stack height of 100' on a 4H:1V slope will be safe.

# \*\* PCSTABL5M \*\*

# by Purdue University

--Slope Stability Analysis--Simplified Janbu, Simplified Bishop or Spencer's Method of Slices

Run Date:

1/28/03 13:05

Time of Run: Run By:

KL

Input Data Filename:

Output Filename:

smepal.in smepaly.out

PROBLEM DESCRIPTION SMEPA Closed Case Subsurface Soil Failur e (Cicular Arc)

# BOUNDARY COORDINATES

6 Top Boundaries 23 Total Boundaries

Boundary No.	X-Left (ft)	Y-Left (ft)	X-Right (ft)	Y-Right (ft)	Soil Type Below Bnd
1	.00	224.00	260.00	224.00	3
2	260.00	224.00	500.00	232.00	2
3	500.00	232.00	506.50	233.50	2
4	506.50	233.50	521.50	233.50	2
5	521.50	233.50	906.50	333.50	1
6	906.50	333.50	1043.50	340.50	1
7	521.70	233.50	528.50	233.50	5
8	528.50	233.50	540.50	229.70	5
9	540.50	229.70	833.50	234.10	5
10	833.50	234.10	1043.50	236.20	5
11	521.70	233.50	539.70	227.70	6
12	539.70	227.70	833.50	232.10	6
13	833.50	232.10	1043.50	234.20	6
14	521.60	233.50	539.60	227.60	7
15	539.60	227.60	833.50	232.00	7
16	833.50	232.00	1043.50	234.10	7
17	521.50	233.50	539.50	227.50	2
18	539.50	227.50	833.50	231.90	2
19	833.50	231.90	1043.50	234.00	2
20	260.00	224.00	749.50	226.65	3
21	749.50	226.65	953.50	227.10	3
22	953.50	227.10	1043.50	227.30	3
23	.00	206.00	1043.50	206.00	4

1

# ISOTROPIC SOIL PARAMETERS

# 7 Type(s) of Soil

Soil Type No.	Total Unit Wt. (pcf)	Saturated . Unit Wt. (pcf)	Cohesion Intercept (psf)		Pore Pressure Param.	Pressure Constant (psf)	Piez. Surface No.
1	100.0	100.0	. 0	30.0	.00	. 0	1
2	130.0	130.0	2000.0	.0	.00	.0	1
3	115.0	115.0	. 0	34.0	.00	. 0	1
4	130.0	130.0	1600.0	<b>.</b> .0	.00	. 0	1
5	120.0	120.0	. 0	32.0	.00	. 0	1
6	100.0	100.0	85.0	12.0	.00	.0	1
.7	100.0	100.0	500.0	17.0	.00	. 0	1

1 PIEZOMETRIC SURFACE(S) HAVE BEEN SPECIFIED

Unit Weight of Water = 62.40

Piezometric Surface No. 1 Specified by 5 Coordinate Points

Point No.	X-Water (ft)	Y-Water (ft)
1	.00	223.00
2	215.00	224.00
3	630.00	226.00
4	960.00	228.00
5	1043.50	228.50

1

A Critical Failure Surface Searching Method, Using A Random Technique For Generating Circular Surfaces, Has Been Specified.

200 Trial Surfaces Have Been Generated.

20 Surfaces Initiate From Each Of 10 Points Equally Spaced Along The Ground Surface Between X = 550.00 ft. and X = 600.00 ft.

Each Surface Terminates Between X = 850.00 ft. and X = 900.00 ft.

Unless Further Limitations Were Imposed, The Minimum Elevation At Which A Surface Extends Is Y = 226.00 ft.

15.00 ft. Line Segments Define Each Trial Failure Surface.

Restrictions Have Been Imposed Upon The Angle Of Initiation. The Angle Has Been Restricted Between The Angles Of -35.0 And 10.0 deg.

Following Are Displayed The Ten Most Critical Of The Trial Failure Surfaces Examined. They Are Ordered - Most Critical First.

\* \* Safety Factors Are Calculated By The Modified Bishop Method \* \*

Failure Surface Specified By 22 Coordinate Points

Point No.	X-Surf (ft)	Y-Surf (ft)
1 2 3 4 5	577.78 592.56 607.32 622.05 636.76	248.12 250.68 253.36 256.16
6	651.45	259.10 262.15
7	666.11	265.33
8	680.74	268.63
9	695.34	272.05
10	709.92	275.60
11	724.46	279.27
12	738.97	283.07
13	753.45	286.98
14	767.90	291.02
15	782.31	295.18
16	796.69	299.46
17	811.03	303.86
18	825.33	308.38
19	839.60	313.02
20	853.82	317.78
21	868.00	322.66
22	876.94	325.82

Circle Center At X = 282.0; Y = 2001.7 and Radius, 1778.4

\*\*\* 2.230 \*\*\*

Individual data on the 21 slices

			Water	Water	Tie	Tie	Earth	quake	
			Force	Force	Force	Force			rcharge
Slice	Width	Weight	Top	Bot	Norm	Tan	Hor	Ver	Load
No.	Ft(m)	Lbs (kg)	Lbs (kg)	Lbs(kg)	Lbs (kg)	Lbs(kg)	Lbs(kg)	Lbs(kg)	Lbs(kg)
1	14.8	946.7	.0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	.0
2	14.8	2739.8	. 0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	.0	.0
3	14.7	4335.3	.0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	.0
4	14.7	5733.6	.0	. 0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	.0
5	14.7	6935.4	.0	.0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	.0
6	14.7	7941.4	.0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	.0	.0
7	14.6	8752.0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	. 0	.0
8	14.6	9368.5	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	.0
9	14.6	9791.3	.0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	. 0
10	14.5	10021.9	. 0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
11	14.5	10061.1	. 0	.0	. 0	. 0	. 0	.0	.0
12	14.5	9910.4	. 0	. 0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	.0
13	14.4	9570.7	.0	. 0	. 0	. 0	.0	. 0	.0
14	14.4	9043.9	. 0	.0	. 0	.0	.0	. 0	. 0
15	14.4	8331.1	. 0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
16	14.3	7434.1	.0	. 0	.0	. 0	. 0	.0	.0
17	14.3	6354.5	. 0	.0	. 0	. 0	.0	.0	.0
18	14.3	5094.1	.0	.0	.0	. 0	.0	.0	.0
19	14.2	3654.8	.0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
20	14.2	2038.5	. 0	. 0	.0	. 0	.0	.0	.0
21	8.9	374.6	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0

Failure Surface Specified By 23 Coordinate Points

Point	X-Surf	Y-Surf
No.	(ft)	(ft)
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	555.56 570.35 585.12 599.86 614.58 629.28 643.95 658.59 673.21 687.79	242.35 244.84 247.46 250.21 253.09 256.09 259.22 262.48 265.86 269.36
11	702.34	273.00
12	716.87	276.75
13	731.36	280.63
14	745.81	284.64
15	760.23	288.77
16	774.62	293.02
17	788.96	297.40
18	803.27	301.90
19	817.54	306.52
20	831.77	311.26
21	845.96	316.13
22	860.11	321.12
23	863.31	322.28

Circle Center At X = 272.6; Y = 1964.6 and Radius, 1745.3 \*\*\* 2.230 \*\*\*

Failure Surface Specified By 22 Coordinate Points

Point No.	X-Surf (ft)	Y-Surf (ft)
1	600.00	253.89
2	614.81	256.27
3	629.60	258.79
4	644.36	261.46
5	659.09	264.27
6	673.80	267.23
7	688.47	270.33
8	703.12	273.57
9	717.73	276.96
10	732.31	280.49
11	746.85	284.17
12	761.36	287.99
13	775.83	291.95
14	790.25	296.05
15	804.64	300.29
16	818.99	304.67
17	833.29	309.20
18	847.54	313.86
19	861.75	318.67
20	875.92	323.61
21	890.03	328.69
22	894.76	330.45

Circle Center At X = 365.5; Y = 1762.4 and Radius, 1526.6

Failure Surface Specified By 22 Coordinate Points

Point	X-Surf	Y-Surf
No.	(ft)	(ft)
1	588.89	251.00
2	603.71	253.33
3	618.50	255.80
4	633.27	258.42
5	648.01	261.20
6	662.72	264.13
7	677.41	267.20
8	692.05	270.43
9	706.67	273.81
10	721.25	277.34
11	735.79	281.02
12	750.29	284.84
13	764.76	288.82
14	779.18	292.94
15	793.56	297.21
16	807.89	301.63
17	822.18	306.19
18	836.42	310.91
19	850.61	315.76

20	864.76	320.77
21	878.84	325.91
22	882.30	327,21

Circle Center At X = 370.2; Y = 1695.7 and Radius, 1461.2

\*\*\* 2.233 \*\*\*

Failure Surface Specified By 26 Coordinate Points

Point No.	X-Surf (ft)	Y-Surf (ft)
		(ft)  240.90 243.20 245.62 248.17 250.85 253.66 256.60 259.67 262.87 266.19 269.64 273.22 276.93 280.76 284.72 288.81 293.02 297.36 301.83 306.42 311.13
21	841.27	
20	827.03	306.42
23 24 25	869.63 883.74 897.80	315.97 320.93 326.02 331.23
26	897.89	331.26

Circle Center At X = 295.3; Y = 1936.4 and Radius, 1714.5

\*\*\* 2.233 \*\*\*

Failure Surface Specified By 24 Coordinate Points

Point No.	X-Surf (ft)	Y-Surf (ft)
1	566.67	245.23
2	581.50	247.46
3	596.31	249.83

4	611.10	252.34
5	625.86	255.00
6	640.60	257.80
7	655.31	260.75
8	669.99	263.83
9	684.63	267.06
10	699.25	270.44
11	713.83	273.95
12	728.38	277.61
13	742.89	281.40
14	757.37	285.34
15	771.80	289.42
16	786.19	293.64
17	800.55	298.00
18	814.86	302.50
19	829.12	307.14
20	843.34	311.91
21	857.51	316.83
22	871.64	321.88
23	885.71	327.07
24	894.32	330.34

Circle Center At X = 345.5; Y = 1770.0 and Radius, 1540.7

\*\*\* 2.234 \*\*\*

Failure Surface Specified By 22 Coordinate Points

Point	X-Surf	Y-Surf
No.	(ft)	(ft)
1	588.89	251.00
2	603.72	253.24
3	618.53	255.62
4	633.31	258.17
5	648.07	260.87
6	662.79	263.72
7	677.49	266.73
8	692.15	269.90
9	706.78	273.21
10	721.37	276.69
11	735.93	280.31
12	750.44	284.09
13	764.92	288.03
14	779.35	292.11
15	793.74	296.35
16	808.09	300.74
17	822.38	305.28
18	836.63	309.96
19	850.83	314.80
20	864.97	319.79
21	879.07	324.93
22	891.42	329.58

Circle Center At X = 384.7; Y = 1658.8 and Radius, 1422.5

\*\*\* 2.234 \*\*\*

# Failure Surface Specified By 22 Coordinate Points

Point	X-Surf	Y-Surf
No.	(ft)	(ft)
1	555.56	242.35
2	570.40	244.47
3	585.23	246.77
4	600.02	249.24
5	614.79	251.87
6	629.52	254.68
7	644.23	257.66
8	658.89	260.81
9	673.52	264.12
10	688.11	267.61
11	702.66	271.26
12	717.16	275.08
13	731.63	279.07
14	746.04	283.22
15	760.40	287.54
16	774.72	292.02
17	788.98	296.67
18	803.18	301.49
19	817.33	306.46
20	831.43	311.60
21	845.46	316.91
22	851.07	319.10

Circle Center At X = 379.0; Y = 1529.5 and Radius, 1299.2

\*\*\* 2.236 \*\*\*

# Failure Surface Specified By 21 Coordinate Points

Point No.	X-Surf (ft)	Y-Surf (ft)
_		0
1	577.78	248.12
2	592.63	250.24
3	607.45	252.54
4	622.24	255.02
5	637.00	257.69
6	651.73	260.54
7	666.42	263.56
8	681.08	266.77

9	695.69	270.16
10	710.26	273.72
11	724.78	277.47
12	739.26	281.39
13	753.69	285.49
14	768.07	289.77
15	782.39	294.22
16	796.66	298.85
17	810.87	303.65
18	825.02	308.63
19	839.11	313.78
20	853.13	319.11
21	857.11	320.67

Circle Center At X = 412.5; Y = 1458.6 and Radius, 1221.7

\*\*\* 2.236 \*\*\*

# Failure Surface Specified By 23 Coordinate Points

Point	X-Surf	Y-Surf
No.	(ft)	(ft)
-		
1	561.11	243.79
2	575.97	245.82
3	590.81	248.02
4	605.62	250.40
5	620,40	252.95
6	635.16	255.66
7	649.87	258.55
8	664.56	261.61
9	679.21	264.84
10	693.82	268.24
11	708.39	271.81
12	722.91	275.55
13	737.39	279.46
14	751.83	283.53
15	766.22	287.77
16	780.56	292.18
17	794.84	296.76
18	809.07	301.50
19	823.25	306.40
20	837.37	311.47
21	851.42	316.70
22	865.42	322.10
23	870.69	324.20
	3,0.03	324.40

Circle Center At X = 393.5; Y = 1525.4 and Radius, 1292.5

\*\*\* 2.237 \*\*\*

# \*\* PCSTABL5M \*\*

# by Purdue University

--Slope Stability Analysis--Simplified Janbu, Simplified Bishop or Spencer's Method of Slices

Run Date:

1/28/03

Time of Run:

12:27

Run By:

KL

Input Data Filename:

smepa2.in

Output Filename:

smepa2z.out

PROBLEM DESCRIPTION

SMEPA Closed Case Subsurface Soil Failur e (Failure along HDPE/GCL)

# BOUNDARY COORDINATES

6 Top Boundaries 23 Total Boundaries

Boundary No.	X-Left (ft)	Y-Left (ft)	X-Right (ft)	Y-Right (ft)	Soil Type Below Bnd
1	.00	224.00	260.00	224.00	3
2	260.00	224.00	500.00	232.00	2
3	500.00	232.00	506.50	233.50	2
4	506.50	233.50	521.50	233.50	2
5	521.50	233.50	906.50	333.50	1
6	906.50	333.50	1043.50	340.50	1
7	521.70	233.50	528.00	233.50	5
8	528.00	233.50	539.40	229.70	5
9	539.40	229.70	833.50	234.10	5
10	833.50	234.10	1043.50	236.20	5
11	521.70	233.50	539.10	227.70	6
12	539.10	227.70	833.50	232.10	6
13	833.50	232.10	1043.50	234.20	6
14	521.60	233.50	539.30	227.60	7
15	539.30	227.60	833.50	232.00	7
16	833.50	232.00	1043.50	234.10	7
17	521.50	233.50	539.50	227.50	2
18	539.50	227.50	833.50	231.90	2
19	833.50	231.90	1043.50	234.00	2
20	260.00	224.00	749.50	226.65	3
21	749.50	226.65	953.50	227.10	3
22	953.50	227.10	1043.50	227.30	3
23	.00	206.00	1043.50	206.00	4

1

1

1

# ISOTROPIC SOIL PARAMETERS

# 7 Type(s) of Soil

Soil Type No.		<del>-</del>	Cohesion Intercept (psf)		Pore Pressure Param.	Pressure Constant (psf)	Piez. Surface No.
1	100.0	100.0	. 0	30.0	.00	. 0	1
2	130.0	130.0	2000.0	. 0	.00	. 0	1
3	115.0	115.0	. 0	34.0	.00	. 0	1
4	130.0	130.0	1600.0	. 0	.00	. 0	1
5	120.0	120.0	. 0	32.0	.00	. 0	1
6	100.0	100.0	85.0	12.0	.00	. 0	1
7	100.0	100.0	500.0	17.0	.00	. 0	1

# 1 PIEZOMETRIC SURFACE(S) HAVE BEEN SPECIFIED

Unit Weight of Water = 62.40

Piezometric Surface No. 1 Specified by 5 Coordinate Points

	er
1       .00       223.0         2       215.00       224.0         3       630.00       226.0         4       960.00       228.0	0
5 1043.50 228.5	0

A Critical Failure Surface Searching Method, Using A Random Technique For Generating Sliding Block Surfaces, Has Been Specified.

100 Trial Surfaces Have Been Generated.

4 Boxes Specified For Generation Of Central Block Base

Length Of Line Segments For Active And Passive Portions Of Sliding Block Is 10.0

Box	X-Left	Y-Left	X-Right	Y-Right	Height
No.	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)
1	521.70	233.50	521.70	233.50	0.0
_	521.70	233.30	521.70	233.50	.00
2	539.10	227.70	539.10	227.70	.00
3	833.50	232.10	833.50	232.10	.10
4	840.00	232.17	870.00	232.46	.05

Following Are Displayed The Ten Most Critical Of The Trial Failure Surfaces Examined. They Are Ordered - Most Critical First.

\* \* Safety Factors Are Calculated By The Modified Janbu Method \* \*

Failure Surface Specified By 18 Coordinate Points

Point No.	X-Surf (ft)	Y-Surf (ft)
1,0,	(10)	(10)
1	521.64	233.54
2	521.70	233.50
3	539.10	227.70
4	833.50	232.09
5	846.36	232.20
6	850.40	241.35
7	855.91	249.70
8	862.94	256.81
9	869.53	264.33
10	873.62	273.45
11	880.68	280.53
12	884.63	289.72
13	889.49	298.46
14	896.51	305.58
15	901.70	314.13
16	906.48	322.92
17	913.17	330.34
18	914.75	333.92

1

\*\*\* 1.558 \*\*\*

Individual data on the 22 slices

			Water	Water	Tie	Tie	Earth	quake	
			Force	Force	Force	Force	Fo	rce Su	rcharge
Slice	Width	Weight	Top	Bot	Norm	Tan	Hor	Ver	Load
No.	Ft(m)	Lbs (kg)	Lbs (kg)	Lbs (kg)	Lbs (kg)	Lbs(kg)	Lbs(kg)	Lbs(kg)	Lbs(kg)
1	.1	.2	. 0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	.0
2	6.3	1342.0	.0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	.0
3	11.1	8324.8	.0	. 0	.0	.0	0	. 0	.0
4	. 3	324.6	.0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	.0
5	294.1	*****	.0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	.0
6	12.9	108582.4	. 0	. 0	.0	. 0	.0	. 0	.0
7	. 0	92.5	. 0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	.0
8	. 9	7553.0	.0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	.0
9	3.1	25404.1	.0	. 0	.0	. 0	.0	. 0	.0
10	5, 5	40800.2	. 0	. 0	. 0	.0	. 0	. 0	.0
11	7 . 0	47835.1	.0	. 0	. 0	.0	. 0	. 0	. 0
12	6 . 6	41152.4	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	· 0	.0
13	4.1	22739.0	.0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	- · 0	.0
14	7 . 1	34526.6	.0	. 0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	.0
15	3.9	16638.3	. 0	. 0	. 0	.0	.0	a. 0	.0
16	4.9	16717.4	. 0	. 0	. 0	.0	.0	. 0	. 0
17	7.0	19632.5	. 0	. 0	. 0	.0	.0	· 0	. 0
18	5.2	11270.8	. 0	. 0	.0	. 0	.0	. 0	.0
19	4.8	6857.8	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	.0
20	. 0	21.5	.0	. 0	.0	. 0	.0	. O	.0
21	6.7	4691.1	.0	.0	.0	. 0	.0	. 0	.0
22	1.6	275.9	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	<sub>∞</sub> 0	.0

Failure Surface Specified By 18 Coordinate Points

Point	X-Surf	Y-Surf
No.	(ft)	(ft)
1	521.66	233.54
2	521.70	233.50
3	539.10	227.70
4	833.50	232.10
5	867.49	232.42
6	872.09	241.29
7	878.42	249.03
8	883.28	257.77
9	889.45	265.64
10	896.52	272.72
11	902.90	280.42
12	906.00	289.92
13	912.88	297.18
14	918.91	305.16
15	923.49	314.05
16	930.00	321.64
17	936.95	328.83
18	940.92	335.26

\*\*\* 1.571 \*\*\*

Failure Surface Specified By 18 Coordinate Points

Point	X-Surf	Y-Surf
No.	(ft)	(ft)
1	521.65	233.54
2	521.70	233.50
3	539.10	227.70
4	833.50	232.06
5	864.62	232.40
6	871.62	239.54
7	878.63	246.68
8	885.70	253.75
9	892.51	261.07
10	899.37	268.35
11	904.88	276.69
12	909.33	285.65
13	914.36	294.29
14	921.40	301.39
15	924.62	310.86
16	925.39	320.83
17	932.30	328.05
18	937.01	335.06
***	1.575	***

Failure Surface Specified By 18 Coordinate Points

Point	X-Surf	Y-Surf
No.	(ft)	(ft)
1	521.62	233.53
2	521.70	233.50
3	539.10	227.70
4	833.50	232.07
5	853.85	232.29
6	860.92	239.36
7	867.15	247.18
8	873.98	254.49
9	880.94	261.66
10	887.86	268.88
11	893.62	277.05
12	894.27	287.03
13	899.15	295.76
14	905.09	303.80
15	910.79	312.03
16	917.65	319.30
17	919.88	329.05
18	923.00	334.34

\*\*\* 1.598 \*\*\*

Failure Surface Specified By 17 Coordinate Points

Point	X-Surf	Y-Surf
No.	(ft)	(ft)
1	521.59	233.52
2	521.70	233.50
3	539.10	227.70
4	833.50	232.06
5	843.92	232.21
6	850.08	240.08
7	856.80	247.49
8	860.68	256.71
9-	865.67	265.37
10	872.15	272.99
11	875.02	282.57
12	877.29	292.31
13	882.01	301.13
14	886.75	309.93
15	892.26	318.27
16	896.00	327.55
17	897.57	331.18
***	1.606	***

Failure Surface Specified By 18 Coordinate Points

Point No.		X-Surf (ft)	Y-Surf (ft)
NO.  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	24	521.63 521.70 539.10 833.50 868.14 870.64 877.65 881.99 888.14 894.77 901.02 905.26 909.83 915.16 920.68 927.05 934.07	233.53 233.50 227.70 232.09 232.45 242.13 249.26 258.27 266.15 273.65 281.45 290.51 299.40 307.86 316.20 323.91 331.03
18		937.47	335.08

1.607

Failure Surface Specified By 18 Coordinate Points

Point	X-Surf	Y-Surf
No.	(ft)	(ft)
1	521.66	233.54
2	521.70	233.50
3	539.10	227.70
4	833.50	232.07
-5	868.72	232.45
6	872.87	241.54
7	879.93	248.63
8	885.66	256.82
9	892.00	264.55
10	894.03	274.35
11	900.88	281.63
12	904.96	290.76
13	910.15	299.31
14	915.49	307.76
15	922.46	314.94
16	925.81	324.36
17	931.82	332.35
18	933.70	334.89
***	1.610	***

Failure Surface Specified By 17 Coordinate Points

Point	X-Surf	Y-Surf
No.	(ft)	(ft)
1	521.66	233.54
2	521.70	233.50
3	539.10	227.70
4	833.50	232.09
5	840.43	232.17
6	846.46	240.15
7	849.54	249.67
8	854.74	258.21
9	861.81	265.28
10	868.36	272.84
11	875.19	280.14
12	878.35	289.63
13	883.43	298.24
14	886.30	307.82
15	893.35	314.92
16	893.80	324.91
17	898.84	331.51

1.622 \*\*\*

Failure Surface Specified By 18 Coordinate Points

Point	X-Surf	Y-Surf
No.	(ft)	(ft)
1	521.64	233.54
2	521.70	233.50
3	539.10	227.70
4	833.50	232.08
5	850.46	232.26
6	857.46	239.40
7	864.28	246.72
8	867.10	256.31
9	873.85	263.69
10	875.60	273.53
11	881.87	281.32
12	885.67	290.58
13	892.70	297.68
14	898.93	305.51
15	903.94	314.16
16	907.49	323.51
17	909.82	333.23
18	910.19	333.69
***	1.622	***

Failure Surface Specified By 18 Coordinate Points

Point	X-Surf	Y-Surf
No.	(ft)	(ft)
1	521.65	233.54
2	521.70	233.50
3	539.10	227.70
4	833.50	232.05
5	865.36	232.43
6	870.72	240.87
7	876.84	248.78
8	881.99	257.35
9	889.03	264.46
10	893.46	273.42
11	899.67	281.26
12	905.87	289.10
13	912.93	296.18
14	919.92	303.34
15	925.25	311.80
16	926.07	321.77
17	933.12	328.86
18	935.67	334.99

\*\*\* 1.623 \*\*\*

# APPENDIX A

**Waste Ash Characterization** 

MANAGEMENT SERVICES, INC

Date: 1/23/03 SMEPA Landfill Made By: Sheet No.: 1 of Calculations For: Subject: Waste Ash Characterization Checked By: Date: Job No.: SMEPA

Determine the characteristics of the waste ash for design. Objective:

Geotechnical laboratory testing of both waste streams, "Fly Ash" and "Bottom Ash", were Approach: performed. Testing included unconsolidated, undrained (UU) triaxial testing at confining pressures of 5 and 15 psi, consolidated, undrained (CU) triaxial testing, consolidated, drained (CD) triaxial testing and hydraulic conductivity (flexible wall) of both ash materials (see pp. 12-14).

ab Results:

Ash		Laboratory Test						
11	Waste Ash Properties	UU	UU	С	U*			
Туре		@ 5 psi	@ 15 psi	Total	Effective	CD	Perm	
	moisture (%)	37.9	40.2	42.4	42.4	39.9	42.1	
_	dry density (pcf)	67.8	67.1	66.3	66.3	67.4	66.3	
Ash	wet density (pcf)	93.5	94.1	94.4	94.4	94.3	94.2	
	cohesion (ksf)	1.14	2.19	0.53	0.68	0	n/a	
1 "	angle of internal friction (deg)	0	0	26.2	32.5	29.8	n/a	
	hydraulic conductivity (cm/s)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	7.15E-05	
	moisture (%)	44.9	45.5	47.2	47.2	44.3	46.4	
Ash	dry density (pcf)	75.7	75.0	74.4	74.4	75.7	75.5	
11	wet density (pcf)	109.7	109.1	109.5	109.5	109.2	110.5	
Bottom	cohesion (ksf)	1.88	3.05	0.32	0.66	0	n/a	
🛣	angle of internal friction (deg)	0	0	40.9	41.0	38.3	n/a	
	hydraulic conductivity (cm/s)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	5.05E-05	

<sup>\*</sup> The moisture content, dry density and wet density are the average of three tested samples. Total and Effective are the total stresses measured and the effective stresses measured, respectively. Effective stress is equal to the total stress minus the pore pressure as measured during the test.

South Annals of Paris to who year to go to proof the eye of all

### Recommendations:

- (1) The material appears to behave fairly frictional. To be conservative, use the lowest CD result on the flyash for strength (slope stability modelling), cohesion of 0 psf and angle of internal friction of 30 degrees.
- (2) Also for slope stability purposes and settlement analyses, use an average unit weight (wet density) of 100 pcf.
- (3) For the help model to determine the necessary permeability of the leachate collection system sand, use an ash permeability of 6.0 x 10<sup>-5</sup> cm/s. ena estanti entre decente estan que antan perillar fundar la infeción per for deserve espe

yes bearing one in a federace it the speciment of the first and proportions the se

perile to a chief experience of the exact of a period copy for the ex-



Waste Ash Characterization

**SMEPA** 

Purvis, MS

pcf

ksf

Boring No: Fly Ash

Depth: N/A

Confining Pressure: 5.0 psi

Type of Failure: 50 deg sheer

Dry Density:

67.8

Natural Moisture Content:

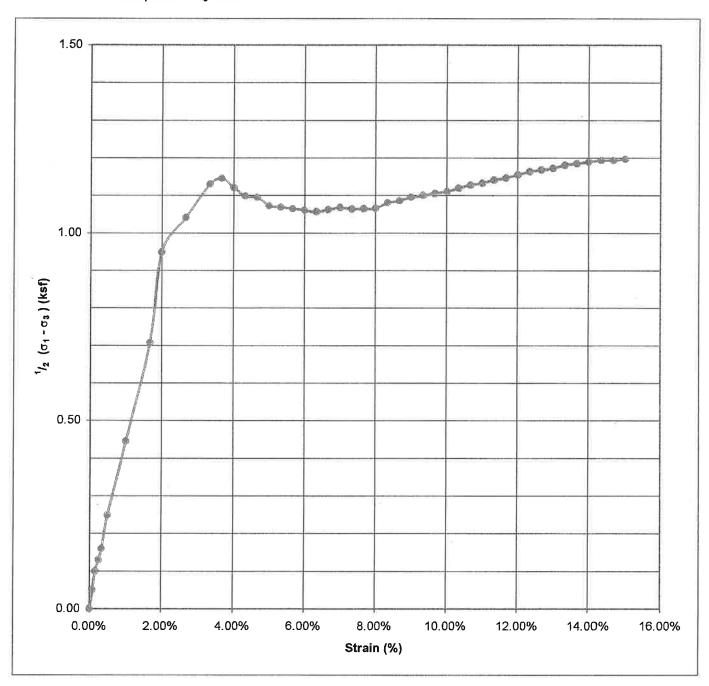
37.9%

Strain at Failure:

3.7%

Cohesion: 1.14

Description: Fly Ash





**Waste Ash Characterization** 

**SMEPA** 

Purvis, MS

Boring No: Fly Ash

Depth: N/A

Type of Failure: 65 deg sheer

Confining Pressure: 15.0 psi

Dry Density:

67.1 pcf

Natural Moisture Content:

40.2%

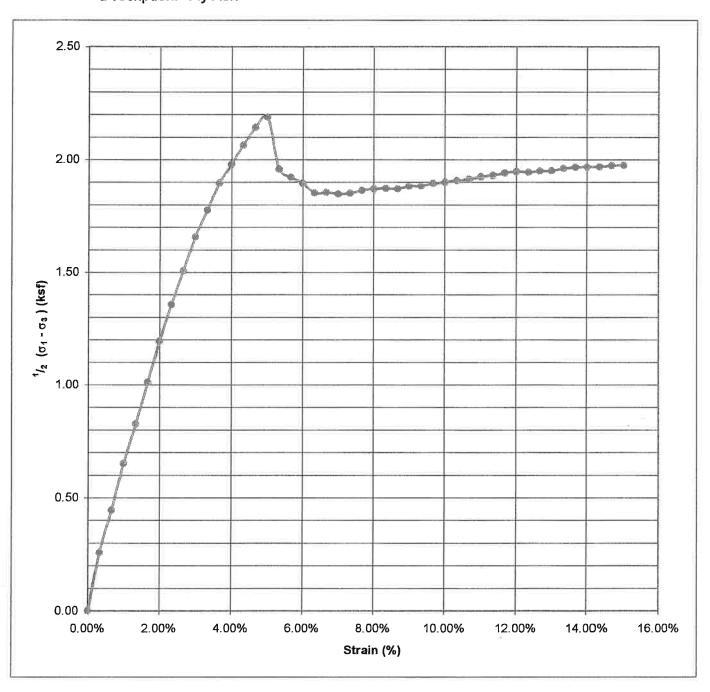
Strain at Failure:

5.0%

Cohesion:

2.19 ksf

Description: Fly Ash





**Waste Ash Characterization** 

SMEPA Purvis, MS

Boring No: Bottom Ash

Depth: N/A

Confining Pressure: 5.0 psi

Type of Failure: 60 deg sheer

Dry Density:

75.7 pcf

Natural Moisture Content:

44.9%

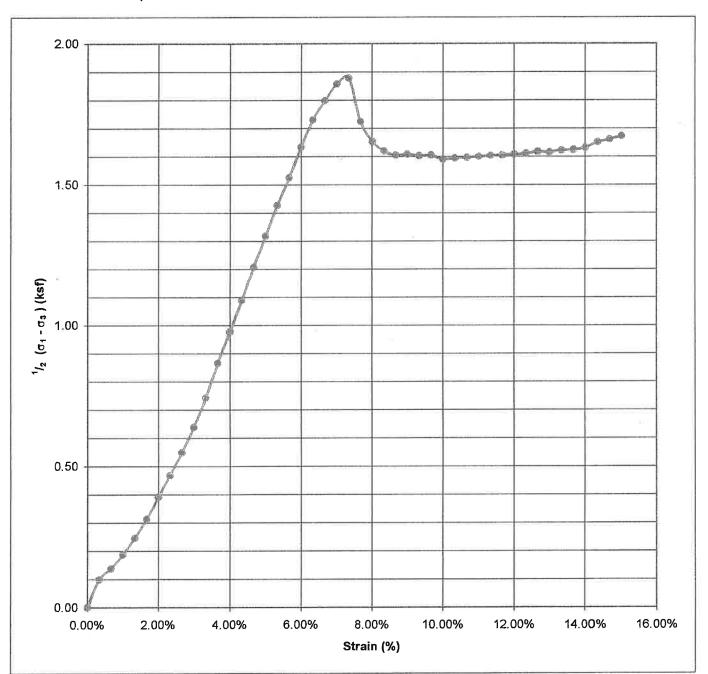
Strain at Failure:

7.3%

Cohesion:

1.88 ksf

Description: Bottom Ash





**Waste Ash Characterization** 

SMEPA

Purvis, MS

Boring No: Bottom Ash

Depth: N/A

Confining Pressure: 15.0 psi

Type of Failure: 60 deg sheer

Dry Density:

75.0 pcf

Natural Moisture Content:

45.5%

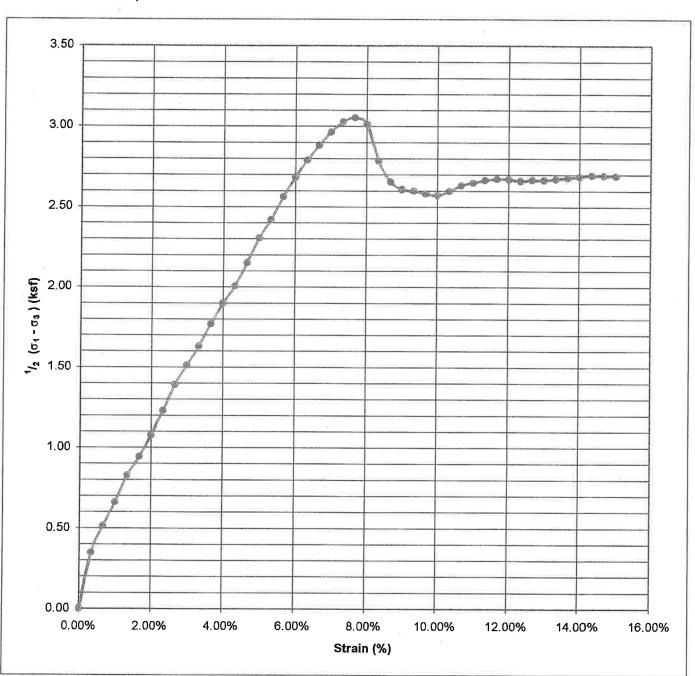
Strain at Failure:

7.7%

Cohesion:

3.05 ksf

Description: Bottom Ash



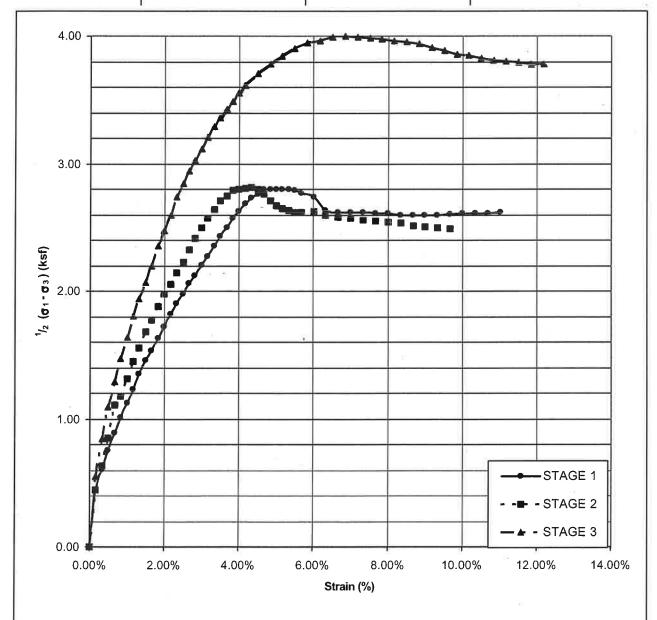


Waste Ash Characterization

**SMEPA** 

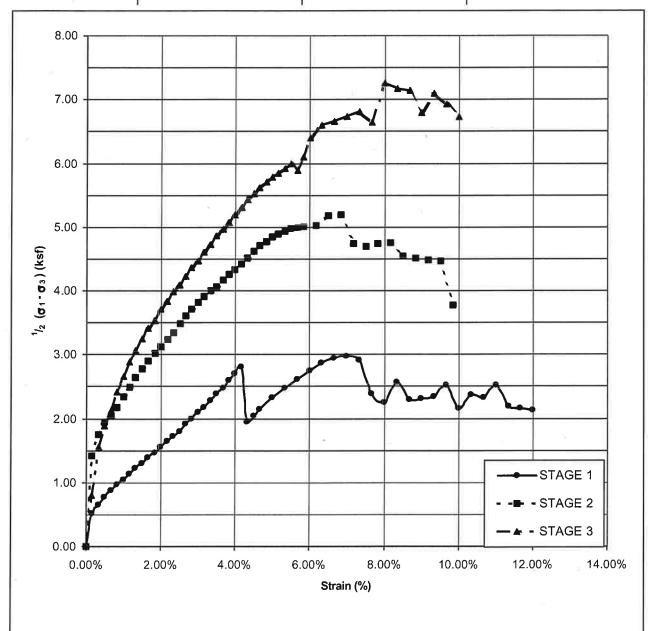
SWILLY
Purvis, MS

	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3
Boring No:	Fly Ash	Fly Ash	Fly Ash
Depth:	N/A	N/A	N/A
Confining Pressure:	15.0 psi	20.0 psi	25.0 psi
Back Pressure:	10.0 psi	10.0 psi	10.0 psi
Dry Density:	67.3 pcf	64.4 pcf	67.3 pcf
Moisture Content:	40.4%	46.0%	40.7%
$^{1}/_{2}(\sigma_{1}-\sigma_{3})_{\text{final}}$	2.80 ksf	2.81 ksf	4.00 ksf
Description:	Fly Ash	Fly Ash	Fly Ash



Waste Ash Characterization SMEPA

	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3
Boring No:	Bottom Ash	Bottom Ash	Bottom Ash
Depth:	N/A	N/A	N/A
Confining Pressure:	15.0 psi	20.0 psi	25.0 psi
Back Pressure:	10.0 psi	10.0 psi	10.0 psi
Dry Density:	75.3 pcf	72.6 pcf	75.4 pcf
Moisture Content:	45.0%	50.1%	46.6%
$^{1}/_{2}(\sigma_{1}-\sigma_{3})_{\text{final}}$	2.98 ksf	5.19 ksf	7.25 ksf
Description:	Bottom Ash	Bottom Ash	Bottom Ash



ENVIRONMENTAL (S)

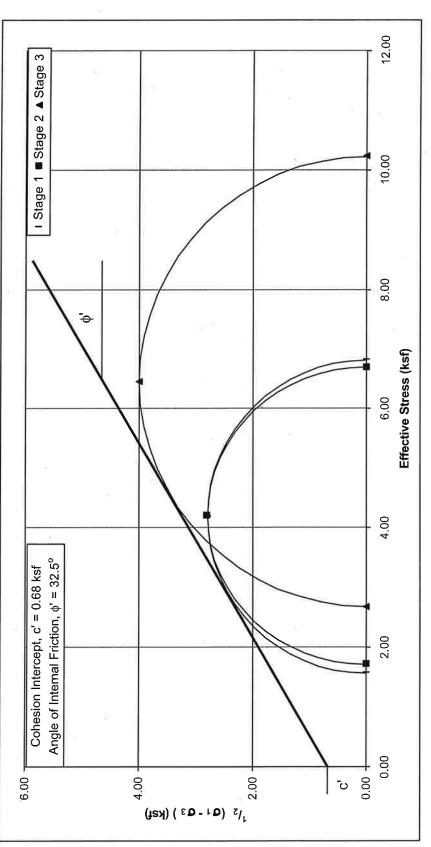
MANAGEMENT SERVICES, INC.

Consolidated, Undrained Triaxial Compression

Waste Ash Characterization

SMEPA

		5/9/	Purvis, MS
	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3
Boring No:	Fly Ash	Fly Ash	Fly Ash
Depth:	N/A	N/A	Fly Ash
Confining Pressure:	15.0 psi	20.0 psi	25.0 psi
Back Pressure:	10.0 psi	10.0 psi	10.0 psi
Dry Density:	67.3 pcf	64.4 pcf	67.3 pcf
Moisture Content:	40.4%	46.0%	40.7%
$1/2(\sigma_1-\sigma_3)_{\text{final}}$	2.80 ksf	2.81 ksf	4.00 ksf
Description:	Fly Ash	Fly Ash	Fly Ash



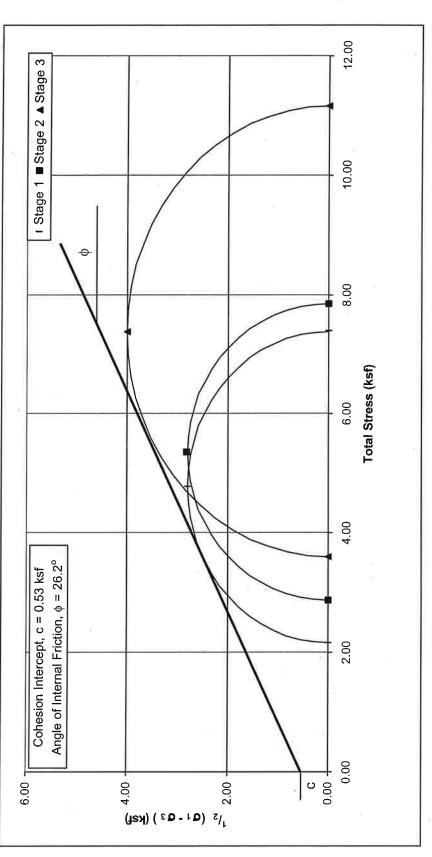
ENVIRONMENTAL

MANAGEMENT SERVICES, INC.

Waste Ash Characterization Consolidated, Undrained Triaxial Compression

SMEPA

-		3.00	Purvis, MS
	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3
Boring No:	Fly Ash	Fly Ash	Fly Ash
Depth:	N/A	N/A	Fly Ash
Confining Pressure:	15.0 psi	20.0 psi	25.0 psi
Back Pressure:	10.0 psi	10.0 psi	10.0 psi
Dry Density:	67.3 pcf	64.4 pcf	67.3 pcf
Moisture Content:	40.4%	~46.0%	40.7%
$^{1}/_{2}(\sigma_{1}-\sigma_{3})$ final	2.80 ksf	2.81 ksf	4.00 ksf
Description:	Fly Ash	Fly Ash	Fly Ash



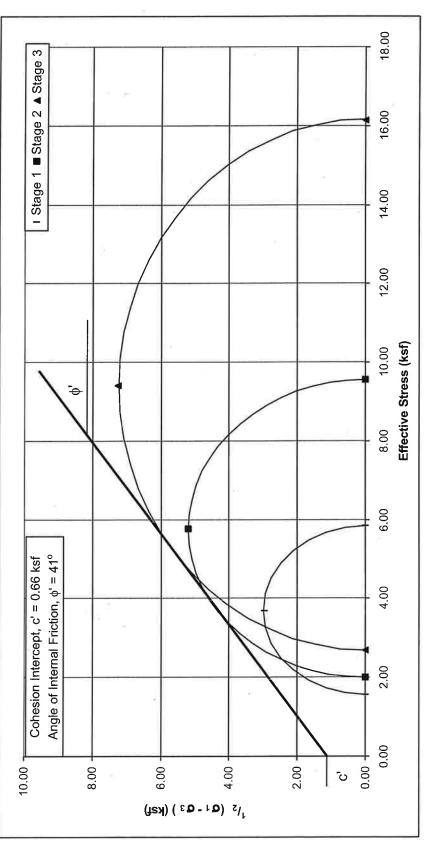
ENVIRONMENTAL (2)

MANAGEMENT SERVICES, INC.

Consolidated, Undrained Triaxial Compression

Waste Ash Characterization SMEPA

	ATACE 4		
	SIAGE I	SIAGE Z	SIAGE 3
Boring No:	Bottom Ash	Bottom Ash	Bottom Ash
Depth:	N/A	N/A	Bottom Ash
Confining Pressure:	15.0 psi	20.0 psi	25.0 psi
Back Pressure:	10.0 psi	10.0 psi	10.0 psi
Dry Density:	75.3 pcf	72.6 pcf	75.4 pcf
Moisture Content:	45.0%	50.1%	46.6%
$^1/_2(\sigma_1-\sigma_3)_{\rm final}$	2.98 ksf	5.19 ksf	7.25 ksf
Description:	Bottom Ash	Bottom Ash	Bottom Ash



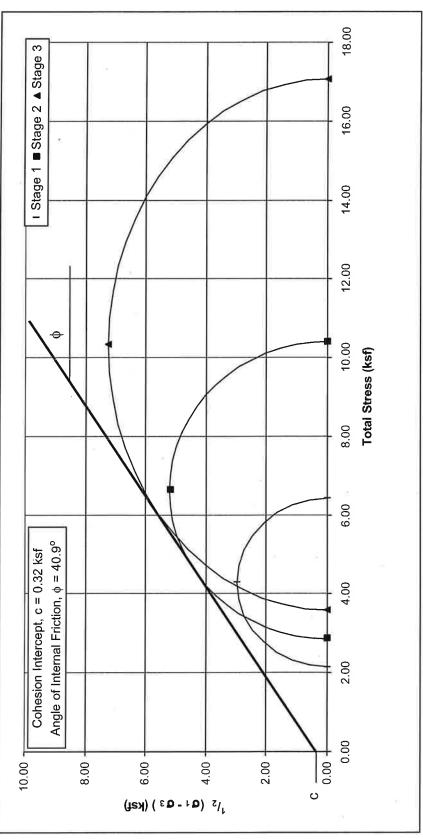
ENVIRONMENTAL

MANAGEMENT SERVICES, INC.

Consolidated, Undrained Triaxial Compression

Waste Ash Characterization SMEPA

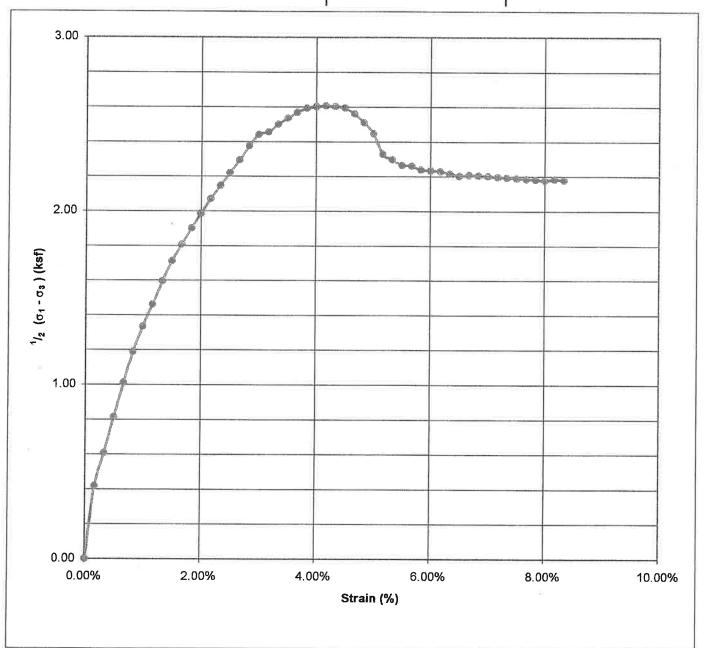
STAGE 2   STAGE 3	Bottom Ash Bottom Ash	N/A Bottom Ash	20.0 psi 25.0 psi	10.0 psi 10.0 psi	72.6 pcf 75.4 pcf	7	5.19 ksf 7.25 ksf	Bottom Ash Bottom Ash
STAGE 1	Bottom Ash	N/A	15.0 psi	10.0 psi	75.3 pcf	45.0%	2.98 ksf	Bottom Ash
	Boring No:	Depth:	Confining Pressure:	Back Pressure:	Dry Density:	Moisture Content:	$^1/_2(\sigma_1-\sigma_3)_{\rm final}$	Description:





Waste Ash Characterization **SMEPA** 

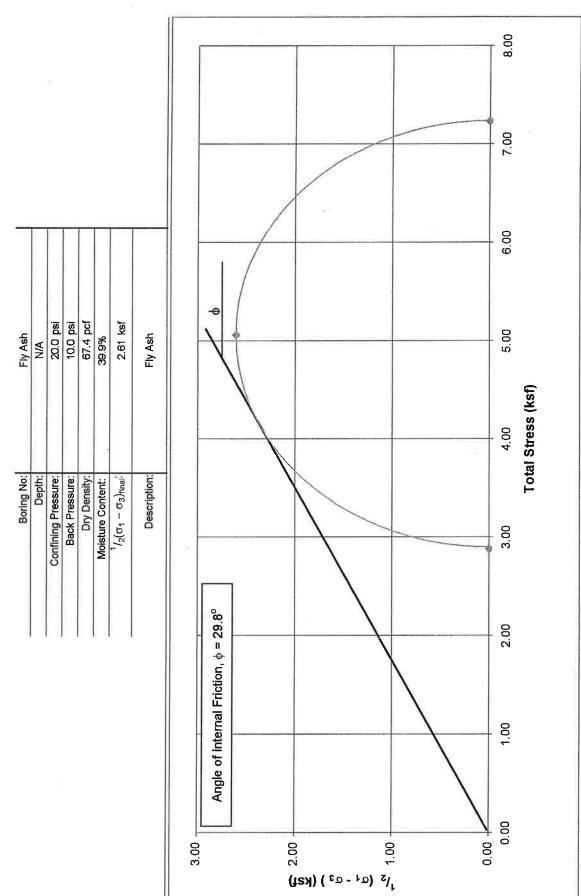
Boring No:	Fly Ash
Depth:	N/A
Confining Pressure:	20.0 psi
Back Pressure:	10.0 psi
Dry Density:	67.4 pcf
Moisture Content:	39.9%
$^{1}/_{2}(\sigma_{1}-\sigma_{3})_{\text{final}}$	2.61 ksf
Description:	Fly Ash



# ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SERVICES, INC.

Consolidated, Drained Triaxial Compression

Waste Ash Characterization SMEPA

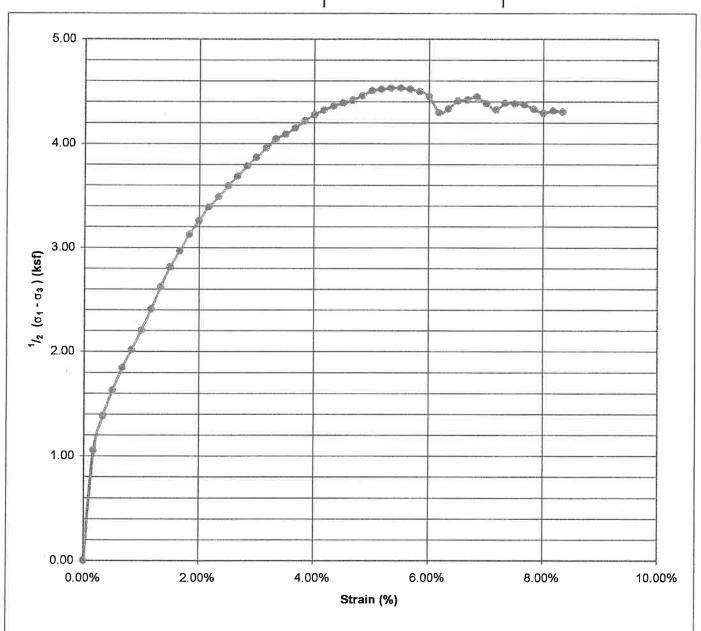




Waste Ash Characterization

**SMEPA** 

Boring No:	Bottom Ash
Depth:	N/A
Confining Pressure:	20.0 psi
Back Pressure:	10.0 psi
Dry Density:	75.7 pcf
Moisture Content:	44.3%
$^{1}/_{2}(\sigma_{1}-\sigma_{3})_{\text{final}}$ :	4.53 ksf
Description:	Bottom Ash



ENVIRONMENTAL &

Consolidated, Drained Triaxial Compression Waste Ash Characterization SMEPA

Purvis, MS

20.0 psi 10.0 psi 75.7 pcf 4.53 ksf Bottom Ash Bottom Ash 44.3% Boring No: Depth: Confining Pressure: Back Pressure: Description: Dry Density: Moisture Content: 1/2(01 - 03)final

